Period:

Chart: North and South

The Industrial North	Southern Cotton Kingdom
Urban (Mostly cities)	Rural (Mostly farms)
Economy based on manufacturing/industry	Economy based on farming/agriculture
Industrial Revolution: Factories key to northern economy	Cotton Kingdom: Cotton most profitable cash crop
Trade: Railroads within U.S. and clipper ships outside U.S.	Dependent on North and Europe for manufactured goods
Factory system (Slater/1793) increased production of goods	Cotton gin (Whitney/1793) increased profits & slavery
Skilled workers formed trade unions to improve working conditions	Limited industry as money invested in cotton and slaves
Wave of European immigrants supplied factory labor	Slave codes place restrictions on African Americans
Slavery outlawed , but African Americans faced discrimination	About 94% of region's African Americans enslaved